
(This document is designed as an aide for veterinary practitioners but does not purport to be a legal interpretation, and it is stressed that it does not provide the full text, which is available on the Veterinary Ireland Website or at: http://www.agriculture.gov.ie/areasofi/food_safety/SI_animalremediesRev3.pdf)

## Selected Index

The following selection may help practitioners to quickly identify areas of specific interest.

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## Interpretation

2. (1) In these Regulations -

“Act” means the Animal Remedies Act 1993 (No. 23 of 1993);

“companion animal” includes domestic dog, cat, rabbit (other than a rabbit kept for human consumption), a small rodent, cage bird, homing pigeon, terrarium animal and an aquarium fish or an equid declared as not intended for use as food for human consumption in accordance with the European Communities (Equine Stud-Book Competition) Regulations 2004 (S.I. No. 399 of 2004));

“food producing animal” means an animal of the bovine, caprine, ovine or porcine species, poultry, rabbits, deer, fish or honey bees if such rabbits, deer or fish are intended for use as food for human consumption, or equidae intended for use as food for human consumption in accordance with the European Communities (Equine Stud-Book and Competition) Regulations 2004, (S.I. No. 399 of 2004));

“group veterinary practice” means a formally associated group of registered veterinary practitioners who are available to provide services of veterinary medicine and surgery and to carry out clinical procedures on animals under their care;

“medicinal product” has the meaning assigned to it by Directive 2001/83/EC of 6 November 2001;
“record” means a record in writing and -
(a) a disc, tape, sound-track or other device, including an electronic device, in which information, sounds or signals are embodied so as to be capable (with or without the aid of some other instrument) of being reproduced in legible or audible form,
(b) a film, tape or other device, including an electronic device, in which visual images are embodied so as to be capable (with or without the aid of some other instrument) of being reproduced in visual form, and
(c) a photograph,
and a reference to a copy of a record includes –
(i) in the case of a record to which paragraph (a) refers, a transcript of the sounds or signals embodied in it,
(ii) in the case of a record to which paragraph (b) refers, a still reproduction of the images embodied in it, and
(iii) in the case of a record to which paragraphs (a) and (b) refer, such a transcript together with such a still reproduction;

“veterinary prescription” means a written prescription (containing the information specified in Schedule 3) issued by a registered veterinary practitioner in respect of an animal under his or her care that provides for the administration of an animal remedy to the animal.

Certain obligations
12. (11) A person shall not remove or alter a label or package leaflet prescribed by these Regulations unless authorised by the Board.

(12) A person shall not possess, sell or supply an animal remedy if the label or package leaflet has been altered or if the label or package leaflet has been removed unless authorised by the Board.

Pharmacovigilance
13. (7) (a) The holder of an animal remedies wholesaler’s licence, an animal remedies merchant’s licence or a person registered under Regulation 33, a registered veterinary practitioner or a pharmacist shall report suspected serious or unexpected adverse reactions and human adverse reactions which are reported to him or her, or, which otherwise come to his or her attention, to the Board or the holder of the animal remedies authorisation.

(b) In the case of an adverse reaction referred to in subparagraph (a), the report shall be made at the earliest opportunity and not later than 15 days following receipt of the information.

‘The cascade’
Regulation 18 provides a legislative basis for the use of “the cascade”, and for ease of reference this is dealt with at the end of this document by use of “decision trees”, as prepared by the Federation of Veterinarians of Europe (FVE).
The Animal Remedies Regulations 2005 require the identity of the animal(s) to be recorded when using the Cascade. Similarly veterinarians should be aware that the provisions of 41(1)(a) as set out below apply and, where relevant, that there is also an additional requirement to include the import licence number on the label for medicines imported under the cascade provisions.

Cross border practice

19. (1) A veterinary practitioner established in another member state who provides cross border veterinary services within the State in accordance with section 43(7) of the Veterinary Practice Act 2005 (No. 22 of 2005), may, in accordance with Regulations 44 and 45 and subject to this Regulation, import, prescribe, sell, supply or administer a small quantity of an animal remedy, (other than an immunological animal remedy), in respect of which there is not in force an animal remedies authorisation.

(2) Paragraph (1) applies only in respect of an animal remedy —
(a) authorised in accordance with the Directive in the Member State where the veterinary practitioner is established, and brought into the State and supplied by the veterinary practitioner in the manufacturer's original packaging, and
(b) in the case of an animal remedy intended for administration to a food producing animal, that has the same qualitative and quantitative composition in terms of active substances as an animal remedy authorised within the State.

(3) A veterinary practitioner who administers an animal remedy in accordance with this Regulation shall inform the owner or person in charge of an animal of the appropriate withdrawal period (in accordance with the law of the State) and shall indicate this period on the label.

(4) A veterinary practitioner, for the purposes of this Regulation, shall only possess an animal remedy to which paragraph (2) applies in a range and quantity as are required for the daily needs of good veterinary practice.

(5) A veterinary practitioner shall not, sell or supply a greater quantity of an animal remedy than is necessary to complete the course prescribed in respect of an animal and in any event a quantity greater than required for 14 days.

(6) A veterinary practitioner to whom this Regulation applies shall maintain and keep records within the State of -
(a) the identity of the animal or animals treated,
(b) the date of examination of the animal or animals,
(c) the number of animals treated,
(d) the name and address of the owner or person in charge of the animal or animals,
(e) his or her diagnosis,
(f) the details of the animal remedies administered, prescribed, sold or supplied,
(g) the dosage administered, prescribed, sold or supplied,
(h) the duration of treatment, and
(i) the withdrawal period specified.

(7) The records specified in paragraph (6) shall be maintained for five years and furnished on request for examination by an authorised officer.
Restriction on sale of an animal remedy
28. (1) Subject to paragraph (2), a person shall not sell or supply an authorised animal remedy except under and in accordance with a licence or registration granted under Regulation 30, 31 or 33.
(2) Paragraph (1) does not apply to —
   (a) the sale or supply of an authorised animal remedy by, or under the supervision of, a pharmacist, in accordance with these Regulations,
   (b) the sale or supply of an authorised animal remedy by a registered veterinary practitioner in accordance with Regulation 44, or
   (c) the sale or supply by wholesale of an authorised animal remedy by the holder of a manufacturer’s licence if the animal remedy is manufactured by him or her under and in accordance with the licence.
(3) Notwithstanding Paragraphs (1) and (2), a person shall not sell or supply an animal remedy designated prescription only unless -
   (a) he or she is a pharmacist and he or she has a veterinary prescription relating to the animal remedy in his or her possession or under his or her control,
   (b) he or she is a registered veterinary practitioner and the animal is under his or her care and he or she issues a veterinary prescription in respect of the animal remedy, or
   (c) from 1st January 2007, in the case of an animal remedy referred to in paragraph 3 (iii) of Part I of Schedule 1, he or she is a responsible person from a premises to which an animal remedies merchant’s licence relates and he or she has a veterinary prescription relating to the animal remedy in his or her possession or under his or her control.

Restriction on use of a premises
29. A person shall not use a premises for storage for the purpose of sale or supply or for the sale or supply of an animal remedy unless the premises is —
   (d) a premises owned or operated by a person registered in accordance with Regulation 33,
   (f) a part of a premises, not being a retail outlet used by a registered veterinary practitioner and from the date the Veterinary Council of Ireland prescribes matters under Section 108 of the Veterinary Practice Act 2005 (No. 22 of 2005), in respect of which a certificate of suitability has been granted or deemed to have been granted under that Act.

Retail sale of an animal remedy
31. (1) A person shall not sell or supply an animal remedy by retail except under and in accordance with a licence (“animal remedies merchant's licence”) except for a person selling a companion animal medicine in accordance with Regulation 33.
(10) This Regulation does not apply to -
   (a) a pharmacy, or
   (b) a part of a premises, not being a retail outlet used by a registered veterinary practitioner and from the date the Veterinary Council of Ireland prescribes matters under section 108 of the Veterinary Practice Act 2005 (No. 22 of 2005) in respect of which a certificate of suitability has been granted or deemed to have been granted under that Act.
Training
32. (1) For the purpose of ensuring that a person, other than a registered veterinary practitioner or a pharmacist, has adequate training in the proper and safe handling and storage of animal remedies to be responsible for the retail sale or supply of such remedies, the Minister may approve appropriate training courses.

(3) (a) A person who has successfully completed a training course approved under paragraph (1) is referred to as “a responsible person”.

Sale of a companion animal medicine
33. (1) A person shall not sell or supply by retail a companion animal medicine unless he or she is registered in the register maintained under this Regulation (“companion animal medicines sellers register”).

(7) This Regulation does not apply to -
(a) a registered veterinary practitioner,
(b) a pharmacist,
(c) the holder of an animal remedies merchant's licence, or
(d) the holder of an animal remedies wholesaler's licence.

Record-keeping and other requirements for a veterinary practitioner and a pharmacist
34. A registered veterinary practitioner or a pharmacist shall -
(a) keep a record of purchases and sales (including quantities administered) in respect of each incoming and outgoing transaction, detailing at least -
(i) the date of transaction,
(ii) the precise identity of the animal remedy, including name, pharmaceutical form and pack size,
(iii) the manufacturer's batch number and expiry date,
(iv) the quantity received or supplied,
(v) the name and address of the supplier or consignee,
(vi) the quantity of each animal remedy received or returned, in accordance with subparagraph (c).

(b) keep at his or her premises, the records referred to in subparagraph (a) for a period of five years from the date of receipt, sale or supply of the animal remedy and these records shall be made available to an authorised officer on request, and
(c) have in place arrangements to receive from consignees and return to the person from whom he or she purchased it, an animal remedy that is unused or reached its expiry date and shall take steps to ensure that clients are aware of these arrangements.

Labelling of certain animal remedies
35. A registered veterinary practitioner who prescribes an animal remedy designated prescription only or a pharmacist who dispenses a veterinary prescription shall, at the time of sale or supply, affix (in such manner as not to obscure the information required by the animal remedies authorisation) to the animal remedy a label indicating his or her name and address, the serial number of the prescription, the name of the prescribing practitioner and the date of sale or supply.

(NOTE: This approach relies on a cross-reference between the label and the prescription – by including the “prescription Serial Number”. It might be more prudent however – from food safety and other viewpoints to include more details on the label. To facilitate this two options for “Sample Labels” are included with these guidelines.)
Fixed premises
37. (1) A person shall not sell or supply an animal remedy other than from a fixed premises.
(2) Paragraph (1) does not apply to the sale or supply of an animal remedy in the course of the provision of a veterinary service by a registered veterinary practitioner for the treatment of an animal under his or her care.
(3) Subject to paragraph (4)(a), a person shall not –
   (a) except under and in accordance with a licence granted by the Minister, sell or supply an animal remedy by retail, via the internet or by mail order,
   (b) except under and in accordance with a licence granted by the Minister, make a visit from house to house to collect, solicit or obtain an order for an animal remedy except for a visit made to a person at his or her place of business if that person is lawfully entitled to sell or supply an animal remedy from his or her place of business,
   (c) sell or supply an animal remedy from a travelling shop, vehicle or automatic vending machine, or
   (d) sell or supply an animal remedy at a trade fair or at a public or private place where animals are placed for exhibition or competition.

Advertising
38. (1) A person shall not publish or cause to be published an advertisement or other promotion for an animal remedy unless the animal remedy is an authorised animal remedy.
(2) Notwithstanding paragraph (1), a person shall not advertise an animal remedy -
   (b) which is designated Veterinary Practitioner Only or Prescription Only, or
   (c) in contravention of an animal remedies authorisation.
(3) Paragraph (2) does not apply to the advertisement of an animal remedy, which is solely directed at the holder of an animal remedies wholesaler’s licence, a registered veterinary practitioner, or a pharmacist.
(4) The holder of an animal remedies merchant’s licence, a pharmacist or the holder of a registration under Regulation 33 shall display a list of prices of all animal remedies held in stock.

Possession of certain animal remedies
39. A person, other than the holder of a manufacturer’s licence, the holder of an animal remedies wholesaler’s licence, a registered veterinary practitioner or a pharmacist, or from 1st January 2007, the holder of an animal remedies merchant’s licence, shall not have an animal remedy intended for a food producing animal, which is designated prescription only, in his or her possession or under his or her control, unless he or she has a veterinary prescription relating to the animal remedy in his or her possession or under his or her control.

Administration of an animal remedy
40. (1)(a) A person, other than a registered veterinary practitioner, shall not administer an animal remedy referred to in Regulation 10(1), 11(1), 12(1) or 12A of the Regulations of 1998.
   (b) If an animal remedy is designated veterinary practitioner only, a person shall not administer the animal remedy unless he or she is a registered veterinary practitioner, or unless a registered veterinary practitioner, who prescribed the animal remedy, is present, supervises administration and is able to render immediate veterinary assistance.
Administration of an animal remedy to a food producing animal

41. (1) A person shall not —
(a) notwithstanding Regulation 18, administer to a food producing animal, an animal remedy which consists of or contains a substance, the administration of which to the animal, species or class of animal, is unlawful,

(5) (a) A person, including a registered veterinary practitioner, who administers, directs or permits the administration of an authorised animal remedy to a food producing animal shall —
(i) act in conformity with the conditions of use of the animal remedy (other than those relating to the treated animal to be complied with after administration), and
(ii) if the person is not the owner or person in charge of the animal, inform the owner or person in charge of the animal —
(I) of the conditions of use of the animal remedy relating to the animal to be complied with after administration, and
(II) that the animal may not be slaughtered for human consumption or sold or exported if it is intended to be slaughtered for human consumption, during the withdrawal period specified in the conditions of use of the animal remedy.

(6) In paragraph (5) "conditions of use", means —
(a) information and directions that, pursuant to the animal remedies authorisation, are required to appear on the container, outer package and package leaflet of the animal remedy, or
(b) if the animal remedy is sold or supplied by a registered veterinary practitioner in accordance with Regulation 18, the conditions of use stated on the marketing authorisation.

Animal remedies record and disposal of animal remedies

43. (1) The owner or person in charge of a food producing animal shall keep at his or her premises a record, ("Animal Remedies Record") of all animal remedies purchased and administered, which shall conform to Schedule 7.
(2) (a) The owner or person in charge of a food producing animal who administers an animal remedy to that animal shall enter in the Animal Remedies Record, on each occasion when it is administered, the required details in chronological order.
(b) The Animal Remedies Record shall be kept for five years after administration of the animal remedy.
(3) The owner or person in charge of a food producing animal to which a veterinary prescription only animal remedy has been administered shall keep, for five years, a copy of each veterinary prescription issued by a registered veterinary practitioner for the supply and use of the animal remedy administered to an animal under his or her control and make the copies and the record available for inspection on request by an authorised officer.
(4) If an animal remedy to which this Regulation applies is administered by a registered veterinary practitioner, he or she shall give to the owner or person in charge of the animal the information to enable that person to comply with paragraphs (1) and (2).
(5) The owner or person in charge of a food-producing animal shall return to the person from whom he or she purchased them, an unused animal remedy, or an animal remedy which has reached its expiry date and record this in the Animal Remedies Record.
Under the care of a veterinary practitioner

44. (1) An animal is considered to be under the care of a registered veterinary practitioner if—

(a) the registered veterinary practitioner (or another member of the group veterinary practice of which he or she is a member) has been consulted and has been given responsibility for the professional veterinary care of the animal, herd or flock by the owner or person in charge,

(b) the registered veterinary practitioner (or other member of the group veterinary practice of which he or she is a member) has sufficient knowledge of the animal, herd or flock to form an opinion of the condition of the animal and for this purpose he or she (or another member of the group veterinary practice), shall have visited the farm or other premises on which the animal, herd or flock is kept (or otherwise examined the animal), sufficiently often and recently enough and, in any event, at least once in a 12 month period, to have acquired an accurate picture of the current health, welfare and disease status of the animals on that farm or premises,

(c) the registered veterinary practitioner (or other member of the group veterinary practice) is available to respond to requests to provide services of veterinary medicine and surgery and clinical procedures on the animal or in the herd or flock in accordance with ethical veterinary practice,

(NOTE: “Ethical veterinary practice” is not defined in the Regulations. Veterinary Ireland’s view is that in this context “ethical veterinary practice” requires veterinary surgeons to have a system in place to ensure that all requests are responded to promptly (emergency treatment), with continuity of service (24-hour cover) for the relief of the pain and suffering of animals under their care, and for their further treatment, when necessary, either by themselves, or as the case may be, by another member of the group veterinary practice, or where a prior arrangement has been made with a neighbouring practice / veterinarian, and where different veterinary surgeons are treating the same group of animals, including supplying medicines for administration to those animals, each must keep the other informed of any examinations of the animals, relevant clinical information and medicines supplied or prescribed, so as to avoid any danger that might arise from conflicting advice or adverse reactions arising from unsuitable combinations of medicines. Even where two veterinary surgeons are treating different groups of animals owned by the same client, it is still advisable for each to keep the other informed of any problem which might affect their work)

(d) the registered veterinary practitioner is readily available for follow up consultation or monitoring of the condition and evaluation of the therapy, and

(e) the records kept by the registered veterinary practitioner make it evident that the professional veterinary responsibility for the animal, herd or flock in question is real and not merely nominal.

(2) For the purposes of paragraph (1)(e), a registered veterinary practitioner shall maintain records as follows:

(a) in relation to each client, a register, containing at least the following –

(i) the date of each visit to the premises on which the animal, herd or flock is kept or on which the animal was seen,

(ii) the identity or other reference to animals clinically examined,

(iii) the condition identified and the basis for diagnosis,

(iv) details of treatment of each condition, and
(v) a cross-reference to any relevant results of laboratory tests undertaken for the purpose of diagnosis, or any other test results, and
(b) copies of invoices and statements regarding professional services and supply of medicines in respect of each client.

(3) (a) Invoices referred to in subparagraph (2)(b) shall detail the cost of an animal remedy administered, sold or supplied separately from a professional veterinary service.
(b) These records may be maintained in the form of a herd health programme.

Prescribing and dispensing

45. (1) A registered veterinary practitioner shall not issue a veterinary prescription for an animal remedy unless the animal to which the veterinary prescription relates is under his or her care and he or she is satisfied that -

(a) the veterinary prescription will be used to treat the animal to which the prescription relates,
(b) use of the animal remedy is justified for the animal,
(c) administration of the animal remedy is, to the best of his or her knowledge and belief, not incompatible with a previous treatment, and
(d) there is no contra-indication and there will not be an adverse reaction if other animal remedies have been, or are to be, administered or prescribed.

(2) A registered veterinary practitioner shall prescribe an animal remedy only in a quantity necessary for the treatment of the condition in respect of which the animal remedy is prescribed subject, in the case of a food producing animal, to a maximum quantity of 6 months supply from the date the veterinary prescription is issued.

(3) A veterinary prescription shall -

(a) be written in ink or printed, legible and indelible and be signed in ink by and bear in block capital letters the name and address of the registered veterinary practitioner,
(b) be issued in triplicate of which the original and one copy shall be given to the owner or person in charge of the animal to be treated and a copy retained by the registered veterinary practitioner, and
(c) contain at least the particulars listed in Schedule 3.

SCHEDULE 3
A VETERINARY PRESCRIPTION

A veterinary prescription shall bear a serial number, contain a declaration that the prescription is granted in respect of an animal under the care of the prescribing veterinary practitioner and contain at least the following —

(a) details of the animal remedy (and if Regulation 45(5) applies, alternatives) to be administered specifying the authorised name and the number of the veterinary product authorisation,
(b) date of issue,
(c) the manner and site of administration,
(d) the dose rate and withdrawal period to be observed,
(e) a description of the animal or animals to which the prescription relates,
(f) the name and address of the person to whom the prescription is granted,
(g) the period during which the prescription is valid,
(h) special instructions, precautions or risks, and
(i) the name, address and signature of the registered veterinary practitioner.
(4) A registered veterinary practitioner shall retain a copy of a veterinary prescription for 5 years and make the copy available for inspection on request by an authorised officer.

(5) If a registered veterinary practitioner issues a veterinary prescription, he or she shall (if there is more than one authorised animal remedy suitable for treatment of the condition to which it applies) specify at least two alternative animal remedies on the veterinary prescription.

(6) A person -
   (a) who dispenses a veterinary prescription in part shall immediately record on the prescription and on the copy thereof in a conspicuous, legible and indelible manner the quantity of an animal remedy sold or supplied by him or her on foot of the veterinary prescription and the date of each such sale or supply,
   (b) who has completed dispensing a veterinary prescription shall, at that time, write on the prescription and on the copy thereof in a conspicuous, legible and indelible manner, the word "dispensed" and the date and he or she shall return a copy of the veterinary prescription to the person who presented it and he or she shall retain the original veterinary prescription for five years and shall make this available on request to an authorised officer, and
   (c) shall not complete dispensing an animal remedy on foot of a veterinary prescription later than 6 months after the date the veterinary prescription is issued.

Emergency supply of certain animal remedies by a pharmacist

46. (1) It is not a contravention of these Regulations for a pharmacist to sell or supply an authorised animal remedy which is designated prescription only, if —
   (a) the pharmacist is requested to sell or supply the animal remedy for the treatment of an animal by a registered veterinary practitioner who, by reason of an emergency, is unable to furnish a veterinary prescription immediately,
   (b) the registered veterinary practitioner undertakes to furnish a veterinary prescription within 72 hours,

(2) A registered veterinary practitioner who makes a request in accordance with paragraph (1) shall immediately issue a written veterinary prescription.

(3) If a registered veterinary practitioner fails to comply with an undertaking under paragraph (1)(b), the pharmacist shall not, in the future, sell or supply an animal remedy under this Regulation at the request of that registered veterinary practitioner.

SCHEDULE 1
PART 1 – ROUTES OF SALE (FOR WHICH THE SYMBOLS SET OUT IN PART IV OF SCHEDULE 2 MAY BE USED).
1. ‘Veterinary Practitioner Only (VPO-1)’ - refers to an animal remedy which may be administered only by a registered veterinary practitioner.
2. ‘Veterinary Practitioner Only (VPO)’ - which refers to an animal remedy which may be administered only by –
   (i) a registered veterinary practitioner, or
   (ii) under the direct supervision of a registered veterinary practitioner where the registered veterinary practitioner is present at the time of administration and is in a position to render assistance if required.
3. ‘Prescription Only (POM)’ – refers to an animal remedy which may be sold or supplied only by –
   (i) a pharmacist from a pharmacy in accordance with the prescription of a registered veterinary practitioner,
   (ii) a registered veterinary practitioner and the animal is under his or her care and he or she has issued a veterinary prescription in respect of the animal remedy, or
   (iii) from 1st January 2007, a responsible person from a premises to which an animal remedies merchant’s licence relates in accordance with a veterinary prescription, in the case of the following animal remedies (if designated Prescription Only), –
      (I) an animal remedy presented as an intramammary preparation for the prevention or treatment of mastitis in an animal;
      (II) an antifungal animal remedy;
      (III) an endo/ecto parasiticide;
      (IV) an immunological animal remedy;
      (V) an injectable digestive stimulant;
      (VI) an injectable vitamin and mineral.

4. ‘Prescription Only Exempt (POM(E))’ - refers to an animal remedy which may be sold or supplied only by –
   (i) a pharmacist from a pharmacy,
   (ii) a registered veterinary practitioner and the animal is under his or her care.

5. ‘Pharmacy Only (PS)’ – refers to an animal remedy which may be sold or supplied only –
   (i) from a pharmacy under the personal supervision of a pharmacist, or
   (ii) by a registered veterinary practitioner and the animal is under his or her care.

6. ‘Licensed Merchant (LM)’ – refers to an animal remedy which may be sold or supplied only –
   (i) from a pharmacy,
   (ii) by a registered veterinary practitioner and the animal is under his or her care, or
   (iii) from a premises to which an animal remedies merchant’s licence relates.

7. ‘Companion Animal Medicine (CAM)’ - refers to a companion animal medicine which may be sold or supplied only –
   (i) from a pharmacy,
   (ii) by a registered veterinary practitioner
   (iii) from a premises to which an animal remedies merchant’s licence relates, or
   (iv) from a premises to which a companion animal medicine seller’s registration relates.
GUIDELINES FOR VETERINARY PRACTITIONERS
AND EXTRACTS FROM
ANIMAL REMEDIES REGULATIONS 2005

Annexes

1. FVE Cascade Flowchart          Pages. 13 / 14

2. Sample Prescription Pads       Pages. 15 / 16

3. Suggested Labels               Page. 17
Is there an authorised product for this species and indication?

Under exceptional circumstances and in particular to avoid unacceptable suffering you are allowed to use the Cascade. Is this the case?

- NO
- YES

Is there a suitable product authorised for another species/condition in your Member State?

- NO
- YES

Is there a human product authorised in your Member State or a V.M.P. from another Member State?

- NO
- YES

Is it possible to extemporaneously prepare a product?

- NO
- YES

Use authorised product

Use this authorised product

Use either one of these products

Prepare extemporaneously

No treatment with M.P. is allowed

Specific precautions for food producing animals:

- Active substances have to appear in annex I, II or III of regulation 2377/90 and withdrawal periods have to be specified.
- Unless already indicated for the species concerned, withdrawal periods have to be at least:
  - 7 days for eggs
  - 7 days for milk
  - 28 days for meat
  - 500 degree-days for fish meat
- The veterinarian has to keep records for 5 years of:
  - Date of examination
  - Details of the owner
  - Number of animals treated
  - Diagnosis
  - Medicinal product prescribed
  - Doses administered
  - Duration of treatment
  - Recommended withdrawal period
Exceptions for horses

Is there an authorised product for this indication?

- NO
  - Under exceptional circumstances and in particular to avoid unacceptable suffering you are allowed to use the Cascade. Is this valid?
    - YES
      - Is this a food-producing horse?
        - NO
          - Is it possible to find a substance through the use of the Cascade for food-producing animals?
            - NO
              - No treatment with M.P. is allowed
            - YES
              - Use the Cascade as for food producing animals and specify a withdrawal period of at least 28 days
        - YES
          - Use the Cascade as for companion animals
    - YES
      - Use authorised product

Non-food-producing horses:
For a horse to be seen as a non-food-producing animal, they have to be declared, in accordance with Commission Decisions 93/623/EEC and 2000/68/EC, as not being intended for slaughter for human consumption.
VETE RINARY IRELAND SAMPLE PRESCRIPTION PAD

This prescription is FOR ANIMAL TREATMENT ONLY

1. **Prescription Granted To:** Name: ........................................................................................................................................
   Address: ........................................................................................................................................................................
   ........................................................................................................................................................................

2. **Validity:** This Prescription is valid until: ....................................................................................................................

3. **Animal Remedy Prescribed / Administered:**

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<tr>
<th>Description or Identity of Animal(s)</th>
<th>Authorised Name of Animal Remedy or EU Number</th>
<th>VPA</th>
<th>Total quantity</th>
<th>Dose Rate</th>
<th>Frequency of treatment</th>
<th>Manner / Site of administering</th>
<th>Withdrawal Period(s): *2</th>
<th>To be completed when administered or dispensed:</th>
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4. **Special Instructions, Precautions, Risks:** ............................................................................................................
   ........................................................................................................................................................................
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5. **Prescribing veterinarian:**
   Name (Block Capitals): .................................................................................................................................................
   Practice name (Block Capitals): ......................................................................................................................................
   Address (Block Capitals): ...................................................................................................................................................
   ........................................................................................................................................................................
   Contact details including EMERGENCY TEL. NO: ...............................................................................................................
   ........................................................................................................................................................................
   I declare that this prescription is granted in respect of an animal/animals “under my care” in accordance with Regulations 44 & 45 of the Animal Remedies Regulations 2005.
   Signature: ........................................................................................................................................................................
   Date: .................................................................................................................................................................................
   ........................................................................................................................................................................

NOTES:
*1. If there is more than one authorised animal remedy suitable for treatment of the condition to which it applies, specify at least TWO alternative animal remedies - as per Regulation 45 (5).
*2. Animals must not be slaughtered until AFTER the withholding period has expired - as per Regulation 41.
**This prescription is FOR ANIMAL TREATMENT ONLY**

1. **Prescription Granted To:** Name: ………………………………………………………………………………………………..
   Address: ………………………………………………………………………………………………………………………………………….

2. **Validity:** This Prescription is valid until: …………………………………………………………………………………….

3. **Animal Remedy Prescribed / Administered:**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Description or Identity of Animal(s)</th>
<th>Authorised Name of Animal Remedy *1</th>
<th>VPA or EU Number</th>
<th>Total Quantity</th>
<th>Dose Rate</th>
<th>Frequency of Treatment</th>
<th>Manner / Site of administering</th>
<th>Withdrawal Period(s) *2</th>
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<thead>
<tr>
<th>Batch No.</th>
<th>Expiry Date</th>
<th>Quantity &amp; Date</th>
<th>Value</th>
<th>VAT @ 13.5%</th>
<th>VAT @ 21%</th>
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   **TOTALS**  

4. **SPECIAL INSTRUCTIONS, PRECAUTIONS AND RISKS AS PER PACKAGING INSERT AND LABEL:**

5. **PRESCRIBING VETERINARIAN:**

   Name: ……………………………………………………………………………………………………………………………………………
   Practice Name: …………………………………………………………………………………………………………………………………
   Address (Block Capitals): ……………………………………………………………………………………………………………………………………………
   Contact Details including EMERGENCY TEL No. ……………………………………………………………………………………………………………

   I declare that this prescription is granted in respect of an animal / animals “under my care” in accordance with Regulations 44 & 45 of the Animal Remedies Regulations 2005.

   Signature: …………………………………………………………………………………………………………………………………………… date: ………………………………………………………………………

**NOTES:**

*1. If there is more than one authorised animal remedy suitable for treatment of the condition to which it applies, specify at least TWO alternative animal remedies – as per Regulation 45 (5).

*2. Animals must not be slaughtered until AFTER the withholding period has expired – as per Regulation 41.

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**DETAILS OF NON-MEDICINE INPUTS**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Inputs</th>
<th>€</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>VAT @ 13.5%</td>
<td>€</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>TOTAL</td>
<td>€</td>
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</tbody>
</table>

**INPUTS**

**TOTAL OF MEDICINE INPUTS**

**PROFESSIONAL FEE FOR VISIT, CONSULTATION AND DOCUMENTATION.**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>FEE</th>
<th>€</th>
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</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>VAT @ 13.5%</td>
<td>€</td>
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<tr>
<td>TOTAL</td>
<td>€</td>
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**TOTAL INVOICE**

**TOTAL VAT**

**TOTAL**

**Note:**

(a): CREDIT TERMS: Strictly one month from receipt of Invoice.

(b): Surcharge charge at 2% per month thereafter.

(c): All enquiries re cards etc, OFFICE HOURS ONLY.

(d): Emergency calls have priority.
OPTION 1
(Minimum required by Regulation 35)

Name of Vet: ..............................................................................................................
Address: ....................................................................................................................
Prescription Serial Number: ......................................................................................
Date of Sale / Supply: ................................ .................................................................

OPTION 2
(Legal requirements plus other information)

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Practice Name</th>
<th>Practice Address &amp; Phone Number</th>
</tr>
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Serial Number of Prescription: .................................................................</td>
<td></td>
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<tr>
<td>Date:................................. Vet: ..............................................................</td>
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<td>Client : ......................... Animal ID: .........................................................</td>
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<td>Product Name: .................................................................................................</td>
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<td>Dose: ..................................................................................................................</td>
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<td>Frequency of Administering: ..............................................................................</td>
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<td>Site of Administering: .......................................................................................</td>
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<td>Warnings: ..........................................................................................................</td>
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Food producing animals must not be slaughtered until AFTER
the withholding period has expired (see product packaging)

KEEP OUT OF REACH OF CHILDREN

EMERGENCY TELEPHONE NUMBER: ........................................................................